# Are you being SERVed? Data mining at the coalface

Mark Lacy ("Science" hat!)

# The SERVS survey

- Spitzer warm mission survey of 18 deg<sup>2</sup> of sky to microJy sensitivity in the near-infrared (3.6-4.5 microns)
  - \* Laughably small data volume (few tens of GB) for SERVS alone
  - \* But modern astronomy a multiwavelength discipline, and we have multiwavelength complementary data from radio through X-ray wavelengths.
  - A real problem to make sense of objects with 10+ band detections over 10 decades of frequency.
  - \* Frequency over this range gives a whole new dimension in complexity.

#### SMALL DATA - 1 DEGREE, WITH Z~1 GALAXY CLUSTERS FOUND USING VORONI TESSELATIONS (SIMPLE TOPOLOGICAL TECHNIQUE, GEACH ET AL 2011)



## Image cutouts

\* Eduardo Gonzales-Solares (Cambridge) has developed a simple cutout service to look at individual objects.

- \* A good illustration of max loading of brain...
- \* But very useful for spotting artifacts, determining whether or not an object is truly detected etc.



#### **PARALLEL COORDINATES (PETRIC ET AL. IN PREPARATION)**



### Data fusion (Mattia Vaccari, Lucia Marchetti, Padova)

- Merging catalogs from all these surveys (up to ~10 per field) gives ~1000 column, multi-GB merged catalog for a square degree.
- Client applications such as Topcat can just deal with these now.
- Extremely powerful datasets if they can be understood.



# How do we go forward?

- Catalogs already almost too large for desktops may need to move to server-side apps fed by VO queries.
- Association algorithms across 10 orders in frequency, widely varying resolutions (spatial and spectral), some surveys confusion limited, are difficult (e.g. GOODS Tfit).
- High quality input catalogs are essential as you can't check every data point (or even 1% of them). Particularly important for rare object searches (e.g. distant quasars).
- Software to provide quick, robust object characterizations (photo-zs, stellar masses, AGN/starburst breakdown).
- \* Limits as important as detections!