

**EARTH OBSERVING SYSTEM  
MICROWAVE LIMB SOUNDER:  
A VIEW FROM THE FRONT**

**PRESENTED AT THE  
SECOND INTERNATIONAL CONFERENCE  
ON SPACE THZ TECHNOLOGY**

**CALIFORNIA INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY  
JET PROPULSION LABORATORY  
PASADENA, CALIFORNIA**

**FEBRUARY 26, 1991**

**BY  
PETER H. SIEGEL**

*Earth Observing System  
Microwave Limb Sounder*

United States  
Global Change  
Research Program

## EOS GOALS

1. LONG TERM RELIABLE MEASUREMENTS OF GEOPHYSICAL & BIOLOGICAL VARIABLES SO THAT GLOBAL, REGIONAL & LOCAL CHANGES CAN BE DOCUMENTED OVER A 15 YEAR PERIOD
2. IDENTIFICATION OF THE MOST IMPORTANT PROCESSES IN EARTH SYSTEM SCIENCE
3. IMPROVEMENTS IN PREDICTIVE MODELS OF THE EARTH'S DYNAMIC PROCESSES

# EOS INVESTIGATIONS

## 1. INTERDISCIPLINARY INVESTIGATIONS

Climatology, Earth Resources, Biological Monitors

## 2. SPECIFIC SCIENCE INSTRUMENTS

Imaging, Atmospheric Chemistry, Radiance

## 3. FACILITY INSTRUMENTS

Wind speed & direction, temperature, humidity, cloud cover, IR imaging

### EOS INSTRUMENTS ORGANIZED BY TYPE

SURFACE IMAGERS	STRATOSPHERIC CHEMISTRY	TROPOSPHERIC CHEMISTRY
CERES	MLS	LIS
EOSP	HIRDLS	MDPITT
HIMSS	SAFIRE	TRACER
HIRIS	SAGE	TES
ITIR	SWIRLS	
MISR	RADAR/LIDAR	SOLAR IRRADIANCE
MODIS	ALT	ACRIM
	GGI	SOLSTICE
TROPOSPHERIC SOUNDERS	GLRS	
AIRS	LAWS	SOLAR-TERRESTRIAL INTERACTIONS
HIMSS	STIK SCAT	GOS
MODIS	EOS SAR	IPEI
		XIE

## CURRENT EDS PLATFORM STATISTICS AS OF 2/91

LAUNCH DATES: EDS-A 12/98 EDS-B 6/01  
12/03 6/06  
12/08 6/11

LAUNCH VEHICLE: TITAN IV

ORBIT: SUN SYNCHRONOUS-705KM 98.2 DEG INCL.

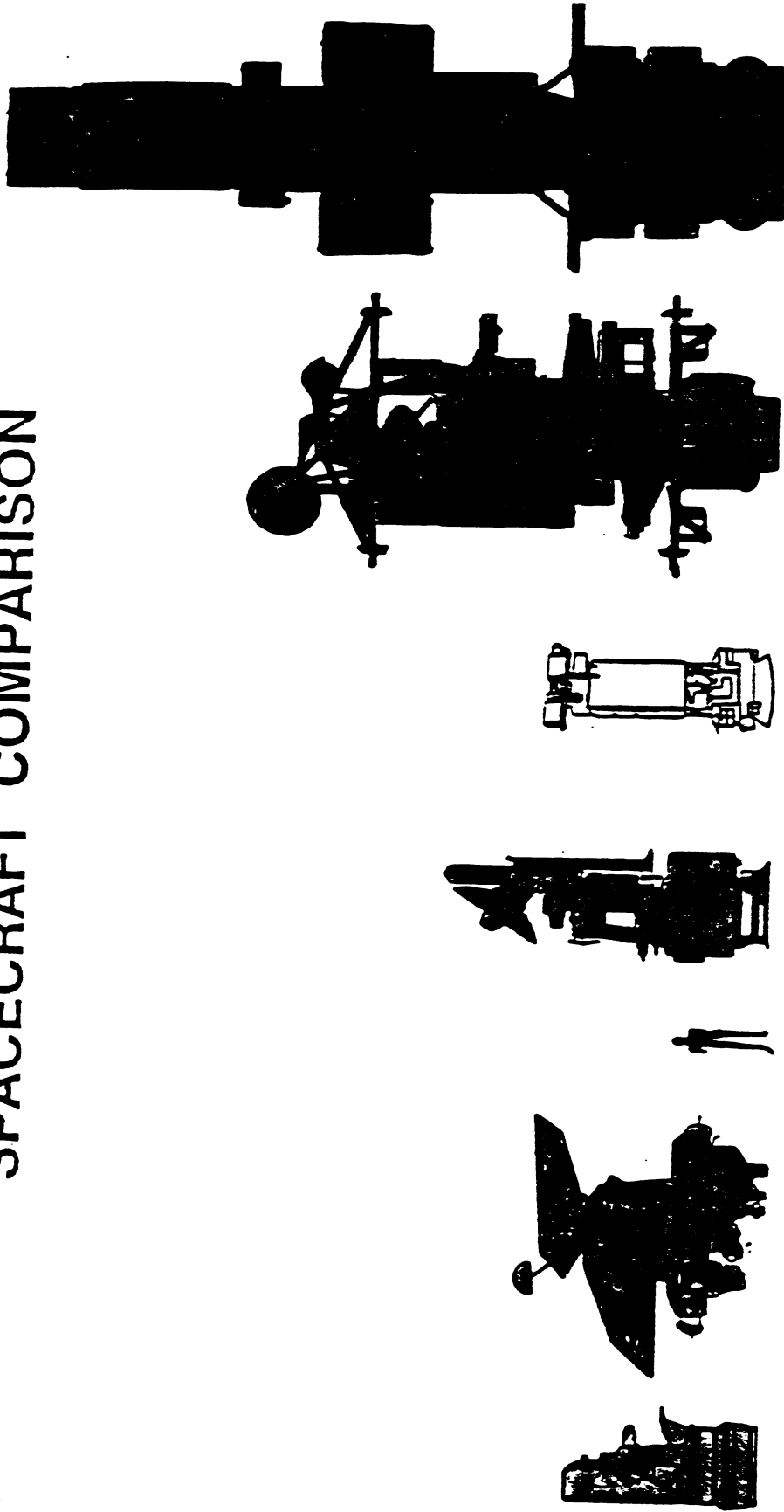
MASS=3500kg • POWER=3200W • DATA RATE=30 Mb/sec  
2,600 Gb/day

PAYLOADS: EDS-A 11 INSTRUMENTS  
AIRS/AMSU-ASTER-CERES-EDSP-HIRDLS-LIS  
MIMR-MISR-MODIS-MOPITT-STIK SCAT

EDS-B 14 INSTRUMENTS PLUS EDS-SAR  
SOLSTICE-HIRDLS-MLS-SAFIRE-SAGE-SWIRLS  
TES-LAWS-ALT-GLRS-GGI-GDS-IPEI-XIE

TOTAL COST: 30 BILLION OVER 20 YEARS  
2-3 BILLION/PLATFORM (6 TOTAL) PLUS SCIENCE

# APPROXIMATE SPACECRAFT COMPARISON



**NIMBUS-7**  
1,021 KG  
1.6 M DIAMETER  
3.6 M HIGH  
303 KG PAYLOAD  
(1978)

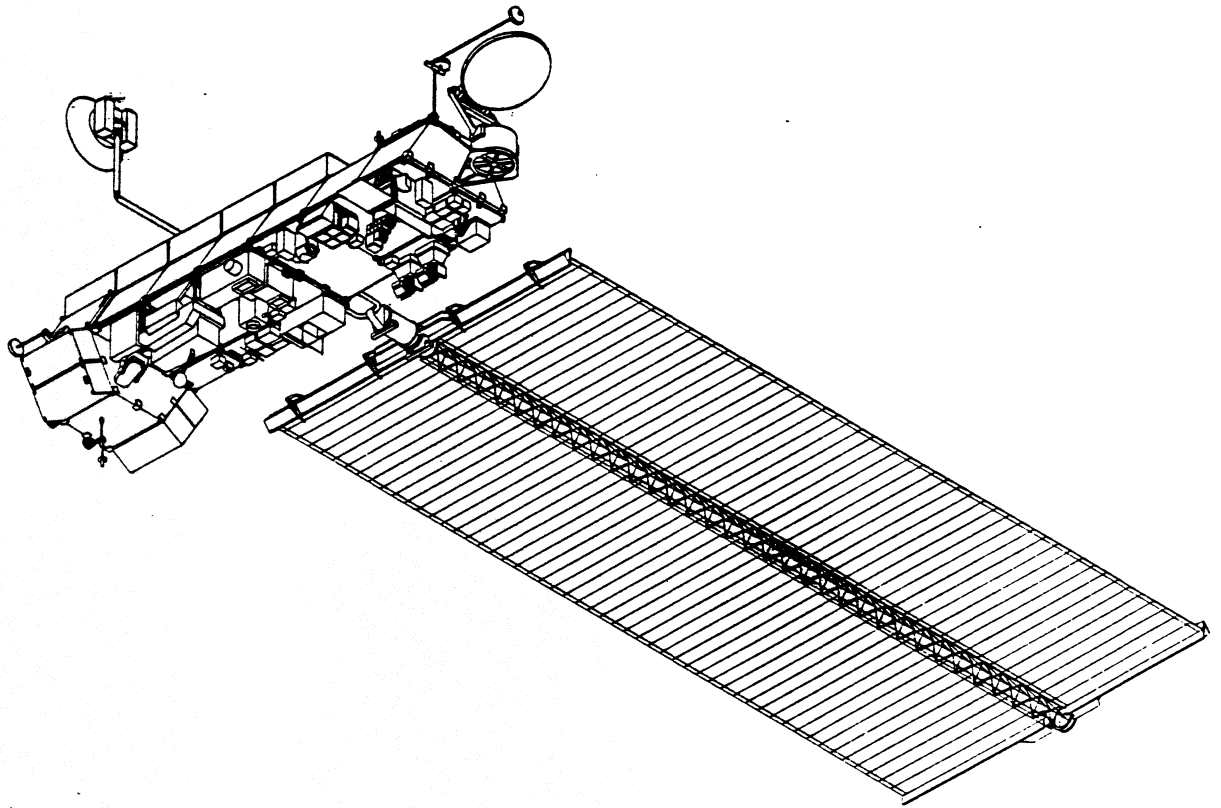
**ERBS**  
2,225 KG  
1.6 M DIAMETER  
3.8 M HIGH  
100 KG PAYLOAD  
(1984)

**LANDSAT**  
1,727 KG  
2.2 M DIAMETER  
5.6 M HIGH  
318 KG PAYLOAD  
(1984)

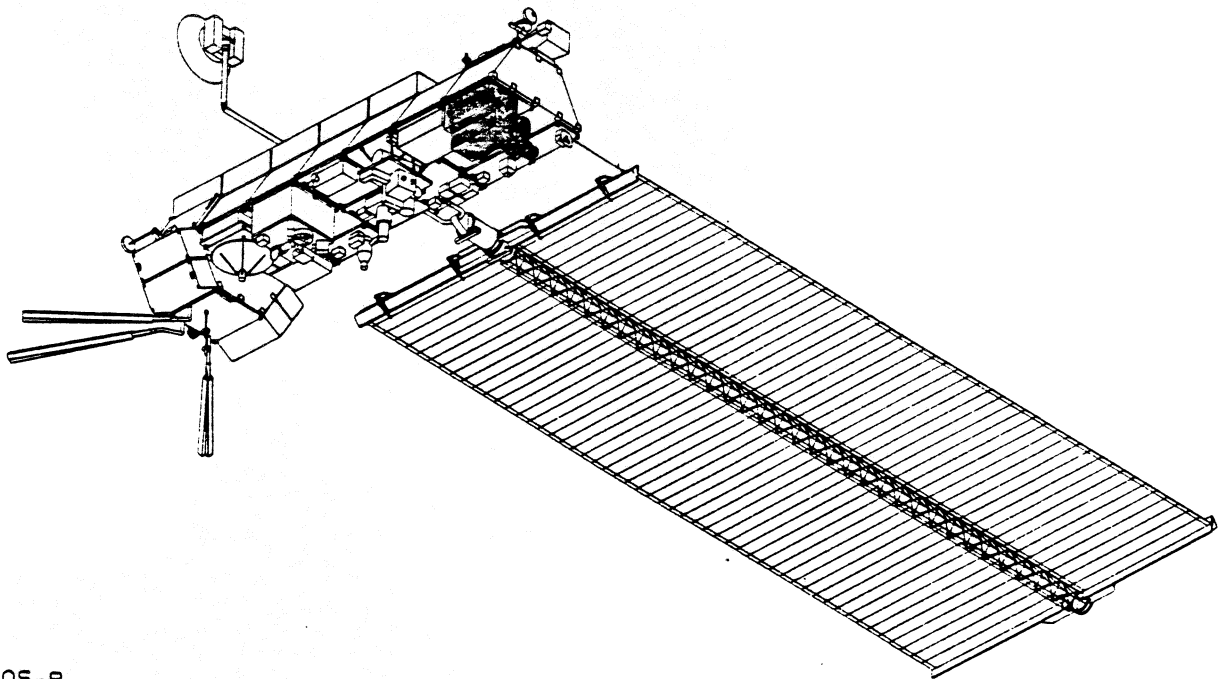
**ATN**  
1,909 KG  
1.9 M DIAMETER  
4.2 M HIGH  
361 KG PAYLOAD  
(1992-1995)

**UARS**  
6,736 KG  
4.3 M DIAMETER  
9.8 M HIGH  
2,283 KG PAYLOAD  
(EARLY 1990'S)

**EOS-CONCEPT**  
12,210 KG  
4.3 M DIAMETER  
12 M HIGH  
3,500 KG PAYLOAD  
(1995-2000)



EOS-A



EOS-B

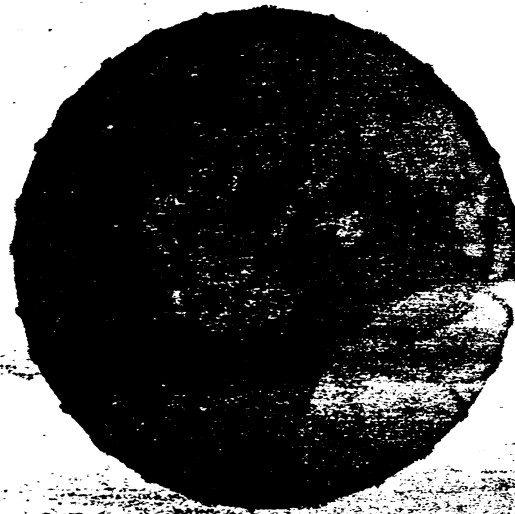
**Figure 5. EOS-A and EOS-B Platforms**

# Eos Microwave Limb Sounder (MLS) Studying Stratospheric Ozone Chemistry with Submillimeter

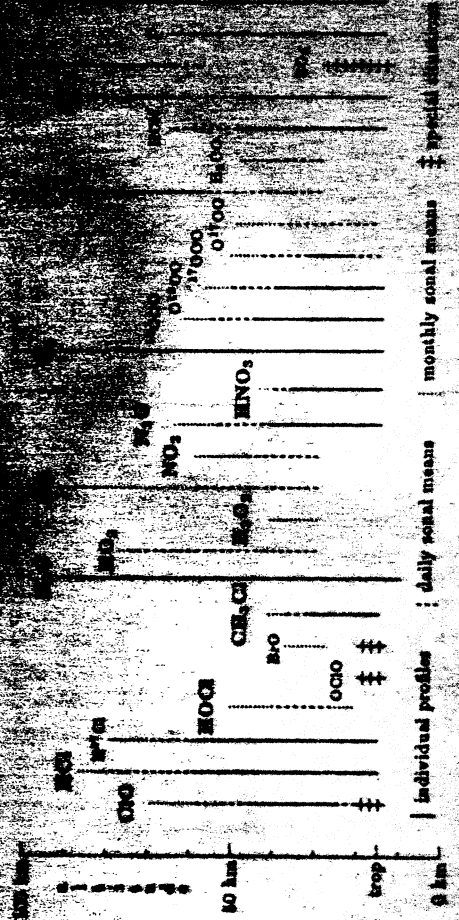
PASSIVE INSTRUMENT



DAY/NIGHT COVERAGE



WAVEL





EOS-MLS PRIMARY OBJECTIVES

MONITOR/STUDY GLOBAL CHANGE IN STRATOSPHERE/MESOSPHERE

CRITICAL GLOBAL MONITORING OF OZONE CHEMISTRY

MONITORING OF HETEROGENEOUS CHEMISTRY PERTURBATIONS

INSTRUMENT FEATURES

HIGH SENSITIVITY, HIGH SPECTRAL RESOLUTION HETERODYNE  
RADIOMETERS IN MILLIMETER & SUBMILLIMETER WAVE BANDS

RADIATIVE COOLING OF DETECTORS TO 90K

COMPLETE SPECTRUM EVERY 0.6 SEC

MODULAR PACKAGING

HERITAGE FROM PRIOR & ON-GOING MLS EXPERIMENTS  
BALLOON, AIRCRAFT, UARS

## EOS-MLS Vital Stats

Mass=450 KG

Power=650W

Cost (NAR)=320M

Data Rate=15Gb/day

Optics: Off-axis Cass. Eff.  $f/D=3.75$   
Ellipsoidal Reflector 1.6x.8m 2.5um RMS

Spectra: 48/scan, 0.64 sec int. time

Vertical Scan Rate=42 sec

Ver. FOV=1.5 arcmin=1.2Km @640GHz

Hor. FOV=2.5 deg along orbit

Front End Radiometers: 640 (2)

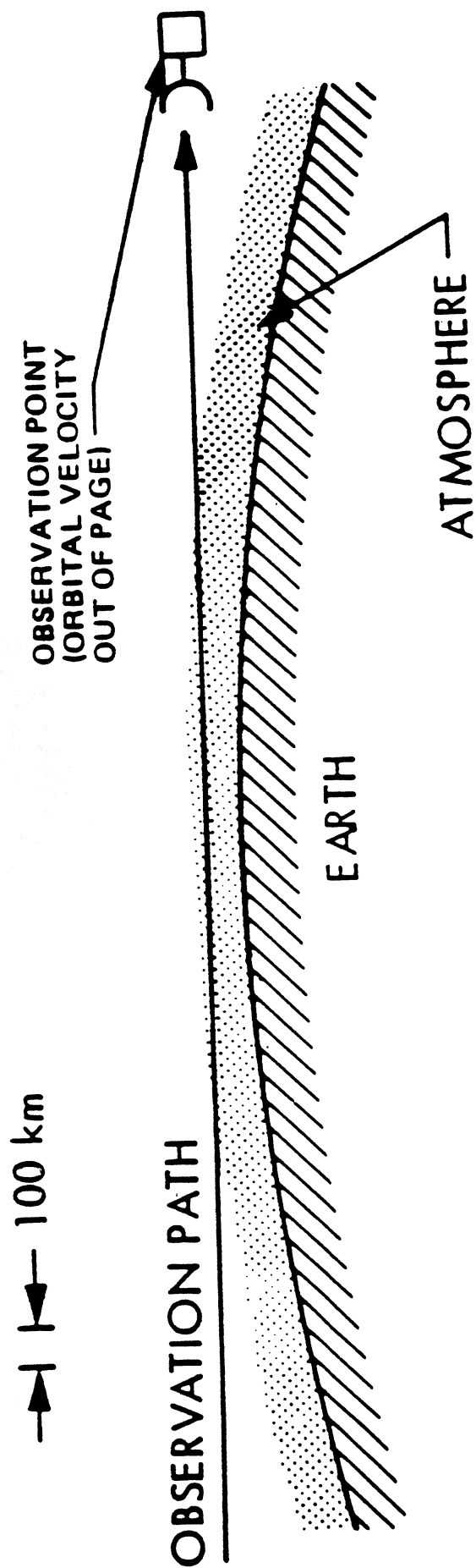
540 (2)

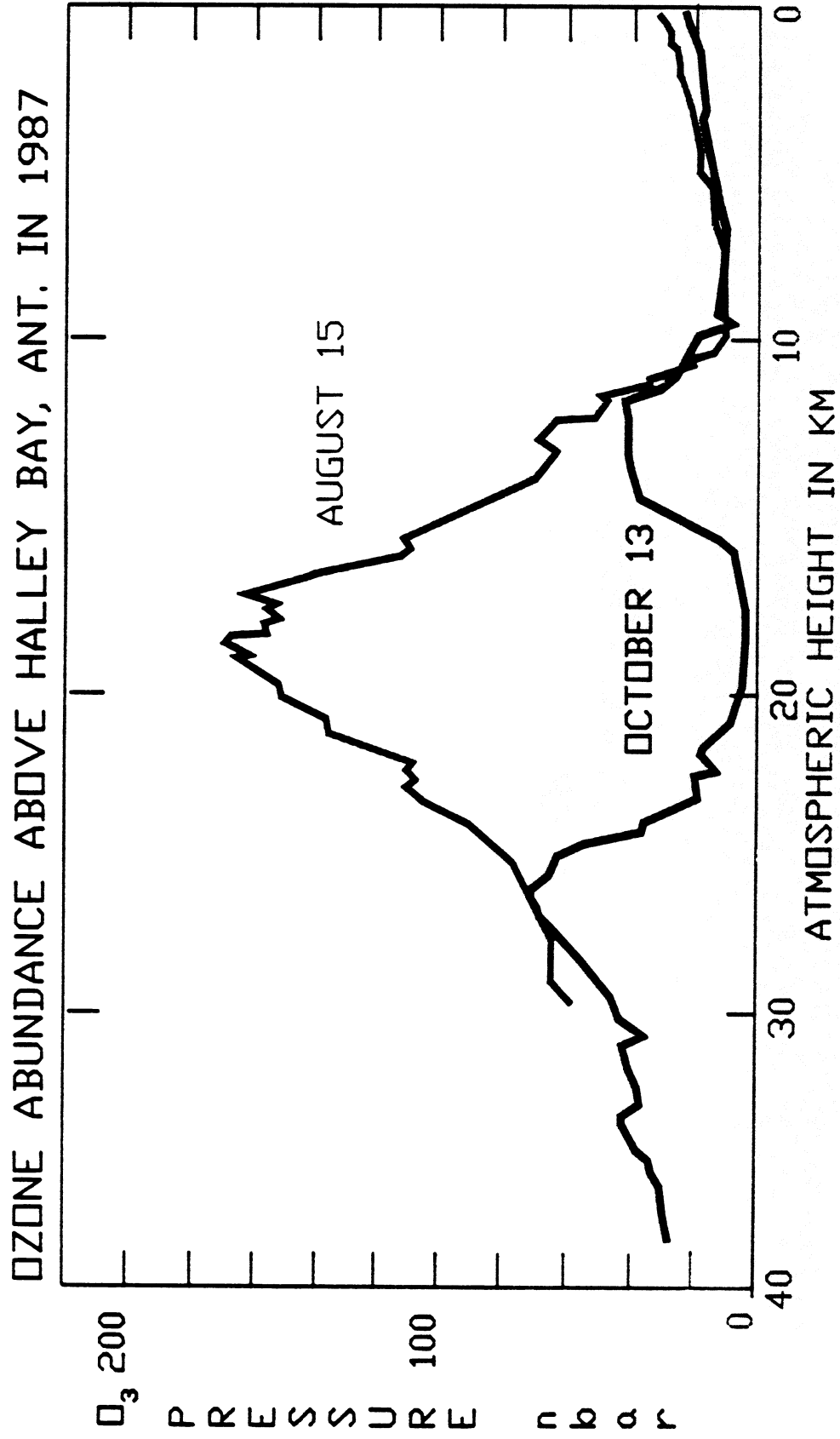
440 (2)

220 (1)

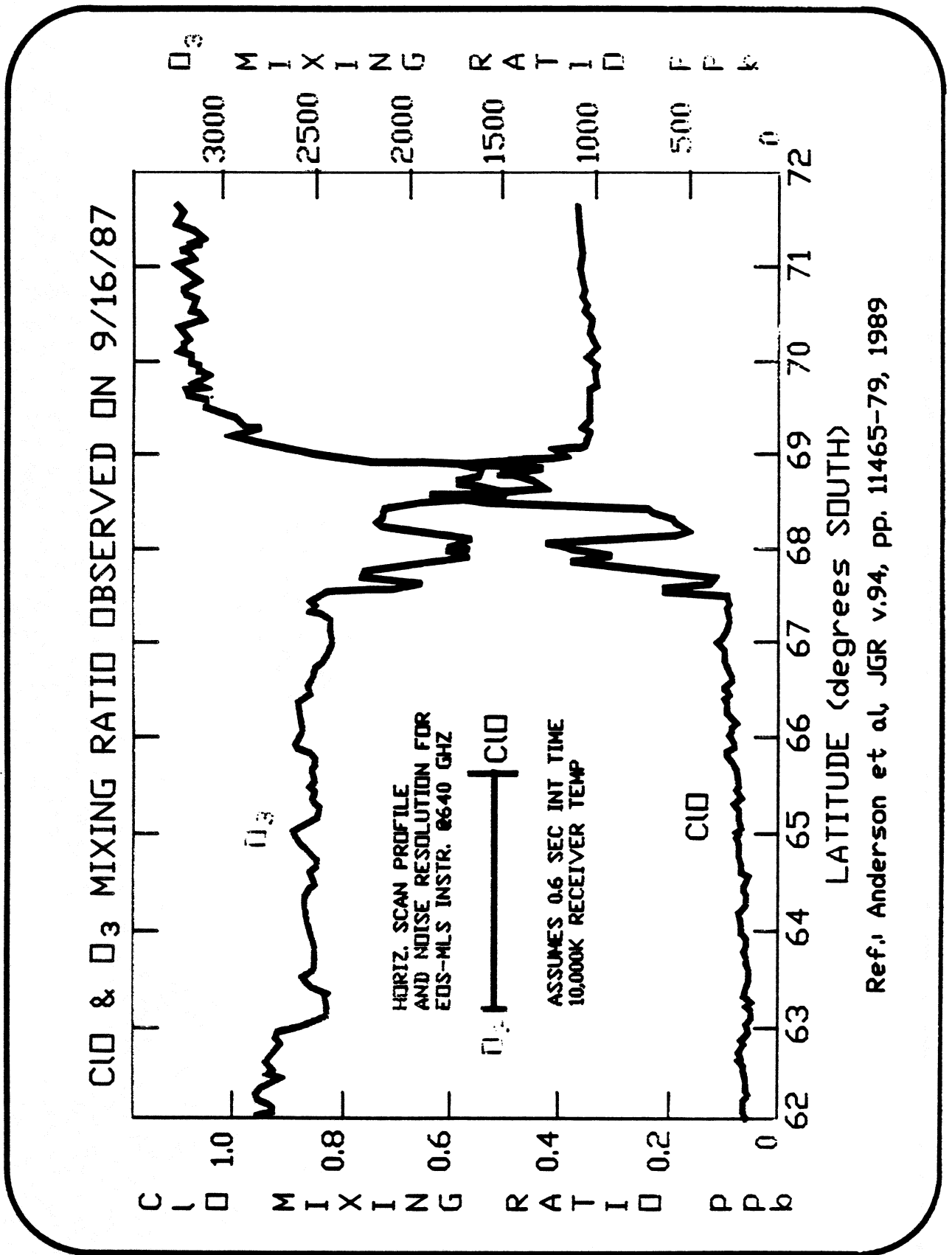
63 (1)

# LIMB SOUNDING GEOMETRY



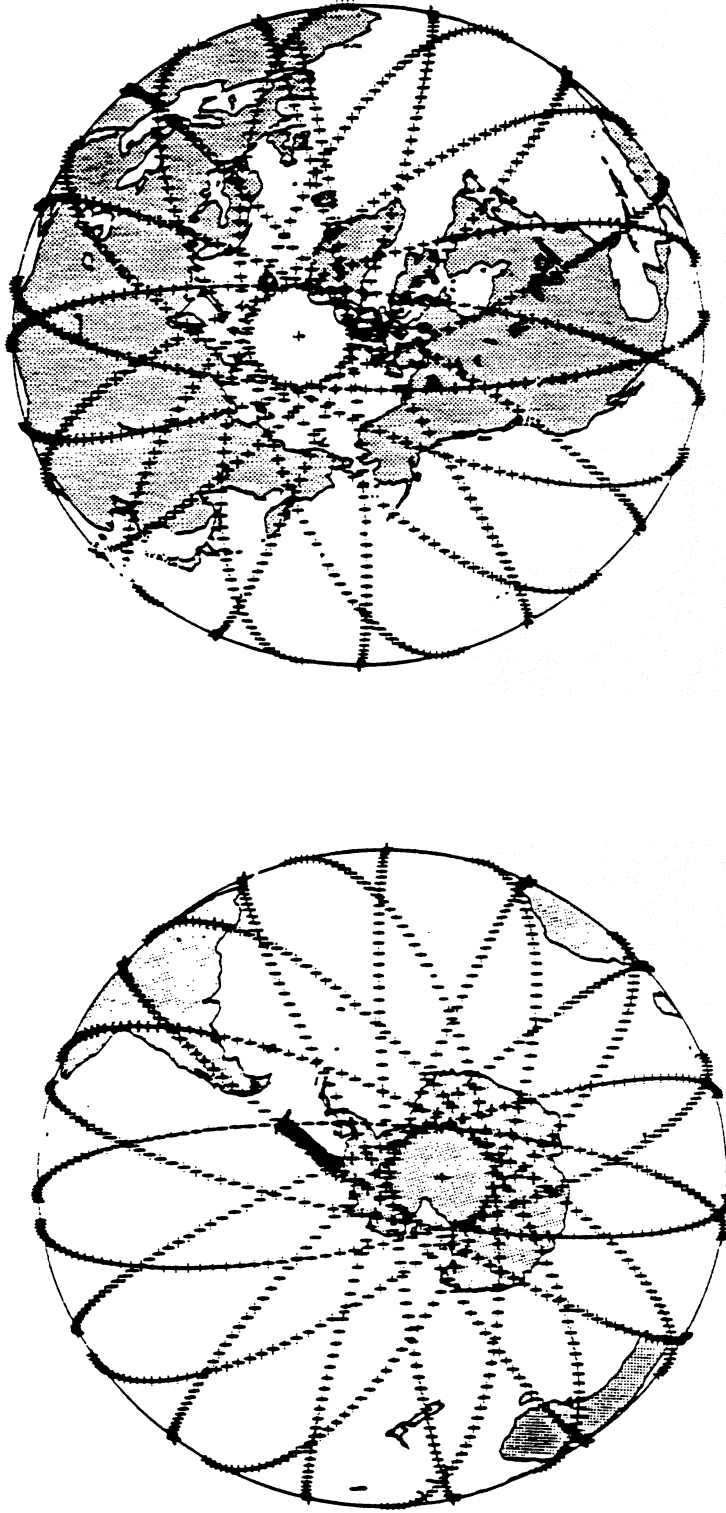


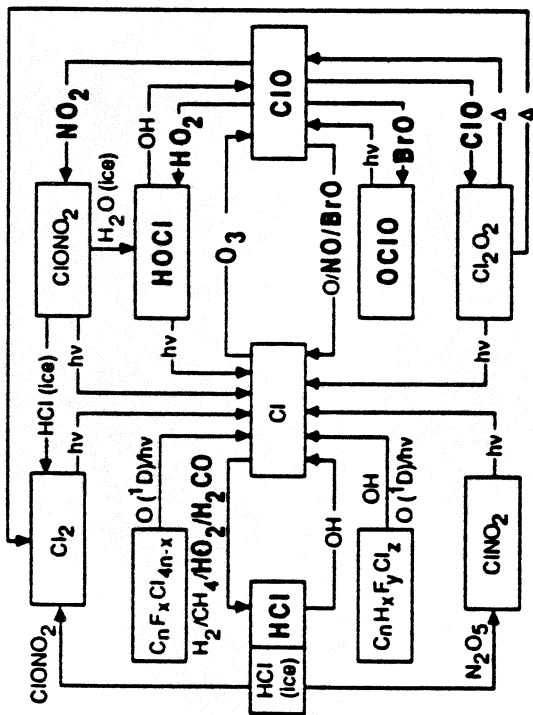
Ref.: J. Farman, New Scientist, v. 12, pp.50-54, Nov. 1987



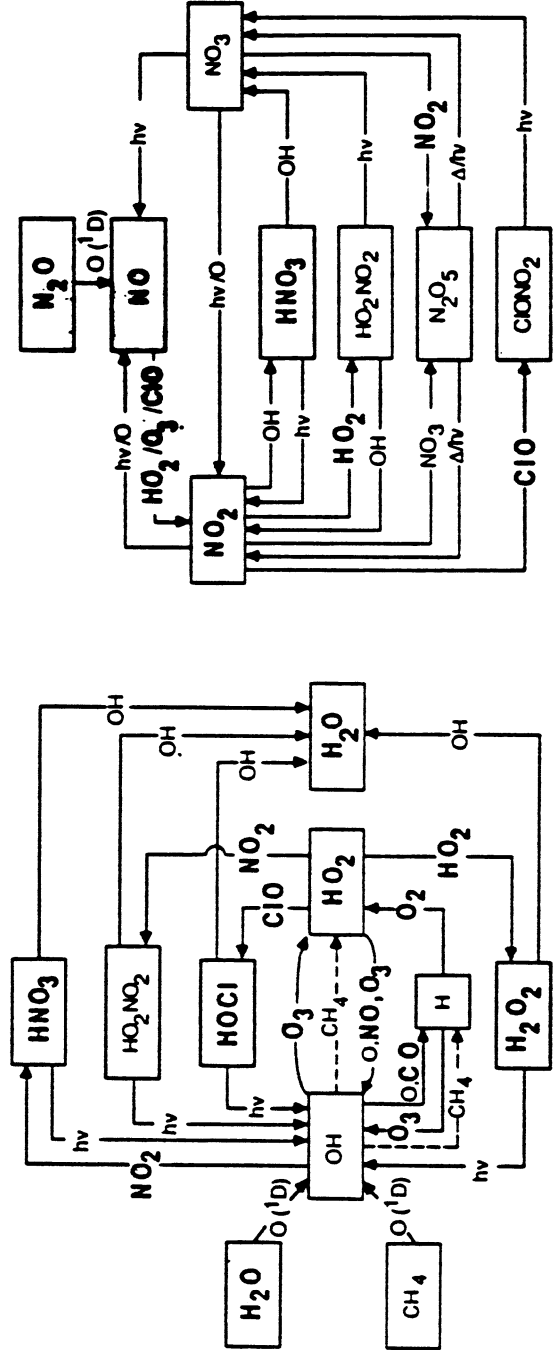
# Eos MLS Measurement Capability HORIZONTAL COVERAGE

- Figure shows one day's coverage
  - Each cross, except at pole, is independent vertical profile measurement

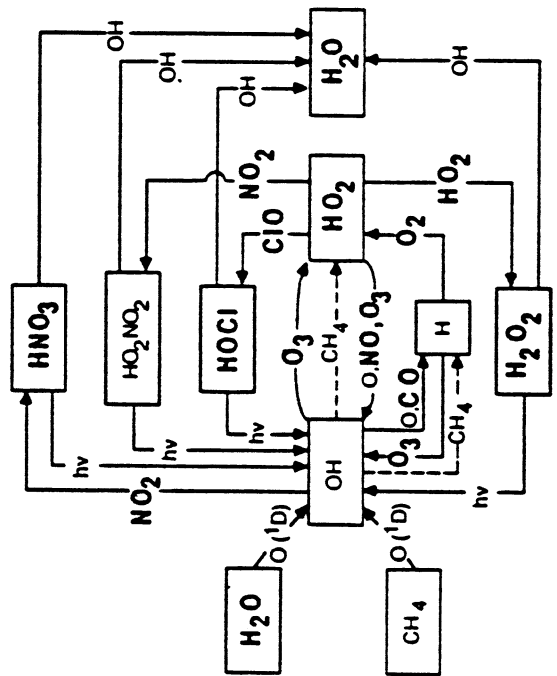




ODD-CHLORINE CHEMISTRY



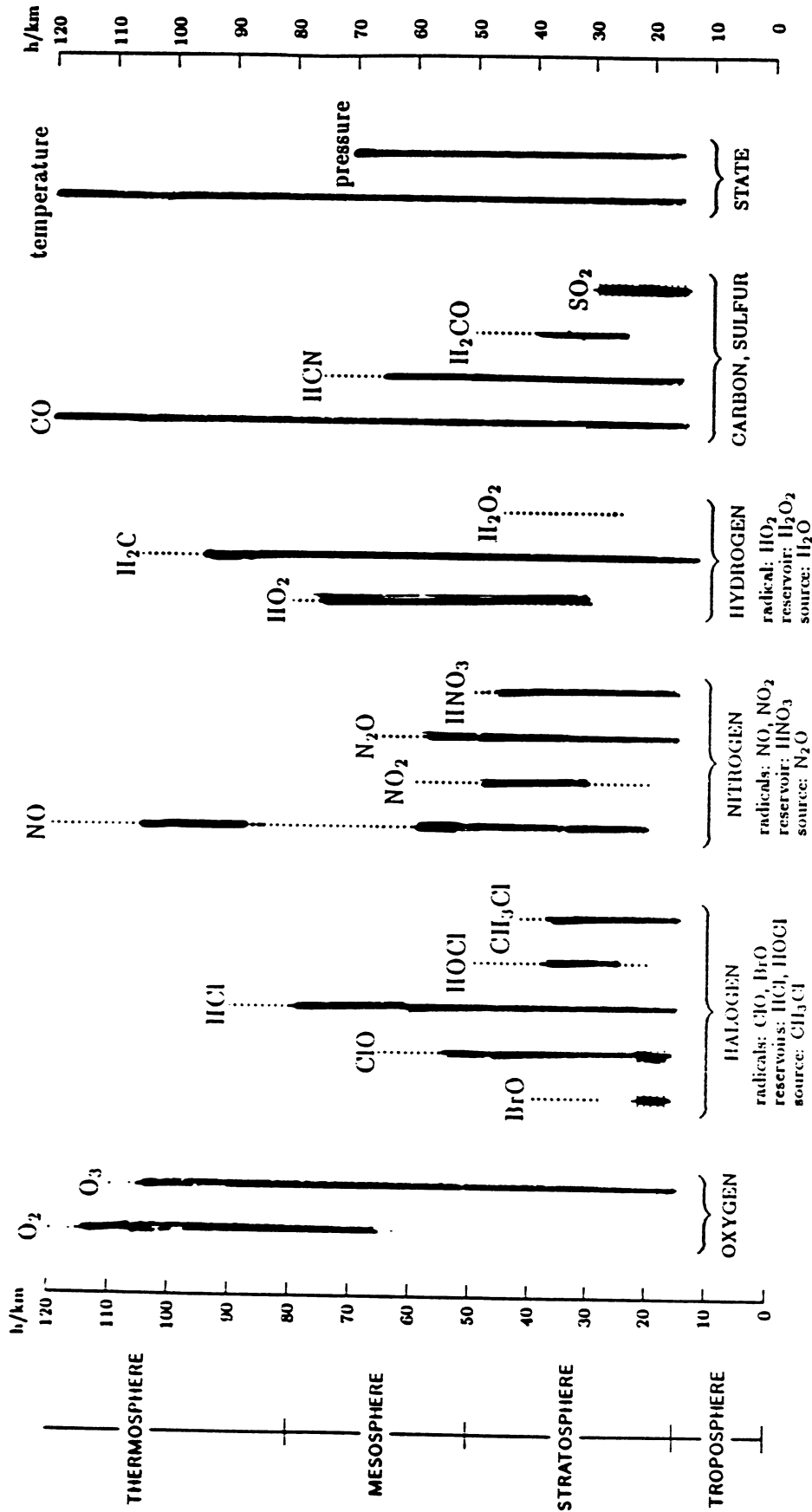
ODD-NITROGEN CHEMISTRY



ODD-HYDROGEN CHEMISTRY

Figure 2. Stratospheric ozone chemistry schematics. M.F.O. International Ltd. Toronto, Ontario

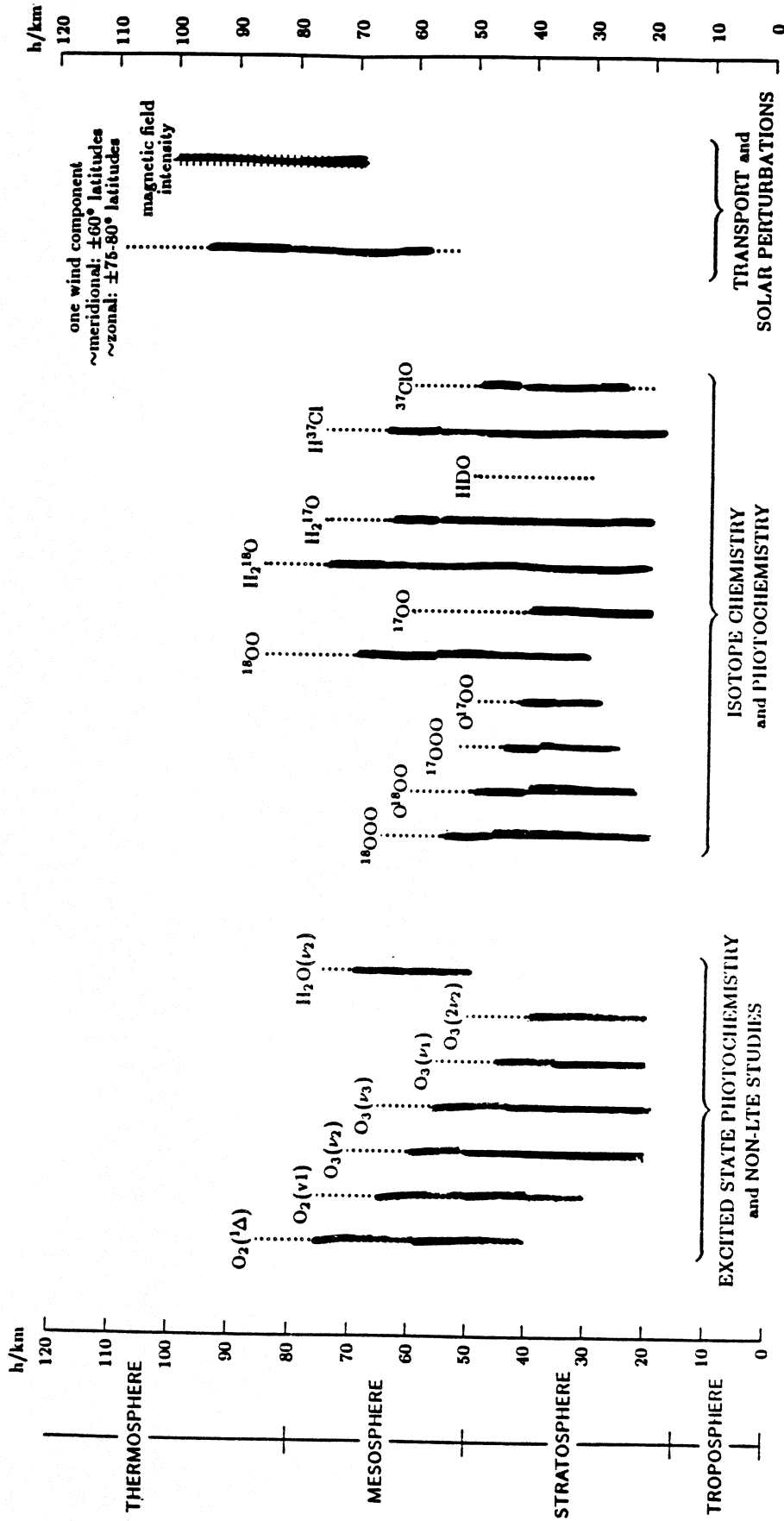
# Eos MLS: Primary Measurement Objectives



- ⇒ Individual profiles every 2.5° along great circle of suborbital path
- ⇒ Daily zonal means (separate day and night); ±80° latitude with 2.5° latitude resolution
- ⇒ Monthly zonal means (separate day and night); ±80° latitude with 2.5° latitude resolution
- ⇒ Heterogeneous chemistry enhancements for ClO and BrO; volcanic enhancements for SO<sub>2</sub>



# Eos MLS: Additional Measurement Objectives



- ⇒ Individual profiles every 2.5° along great circle of suborbital path
- ⇒ Daily zonal means (separate day and night): ±80° latitude with 2.5° latitude resolution
- ⇒ Monthly zonal means (separate day and night): ±80° latitude with 2.5° latitude resolution
- ⇒ During solar storms (magnetic variations identify areas of solar interaction where resulting chemical perturbations will be studied)

COLLABORATORS ON EDS-MLS RECEIVERS

JPL: P.H. SIEGEL, I. MEHDI, R.J. DENGLE, J. OSWALD  
ALL ASPECTS

RAL: B. MADDISON, B. ELLISON, D. MATHESON, M. OLDFIELD  
440 & 63 GHz RADIOMETERS

UVA: T. CROWE, W. BISHOP  
SCHOTTKY BARRIER MIXER & MULTIPLIER DIODES

MARTIN MARIETTA: S. WEINREB  
BROAD BAND AMPLIFIERS & INTEGRATED MIXERS

UNIV. OF MASS.: N. ERICKSON  
HIGH POWER FREQUENCY MULTIPLIERS

ADDITIONAL UNCOMMITTED COLLABORATORS

JPL: J. BAUTISTA AMPLIFIERS  
B.A. WILSON PLANAR SCHOTTKY DIODES

NRAD: M. POSPIESZALSKI  
AMPLIFIERS

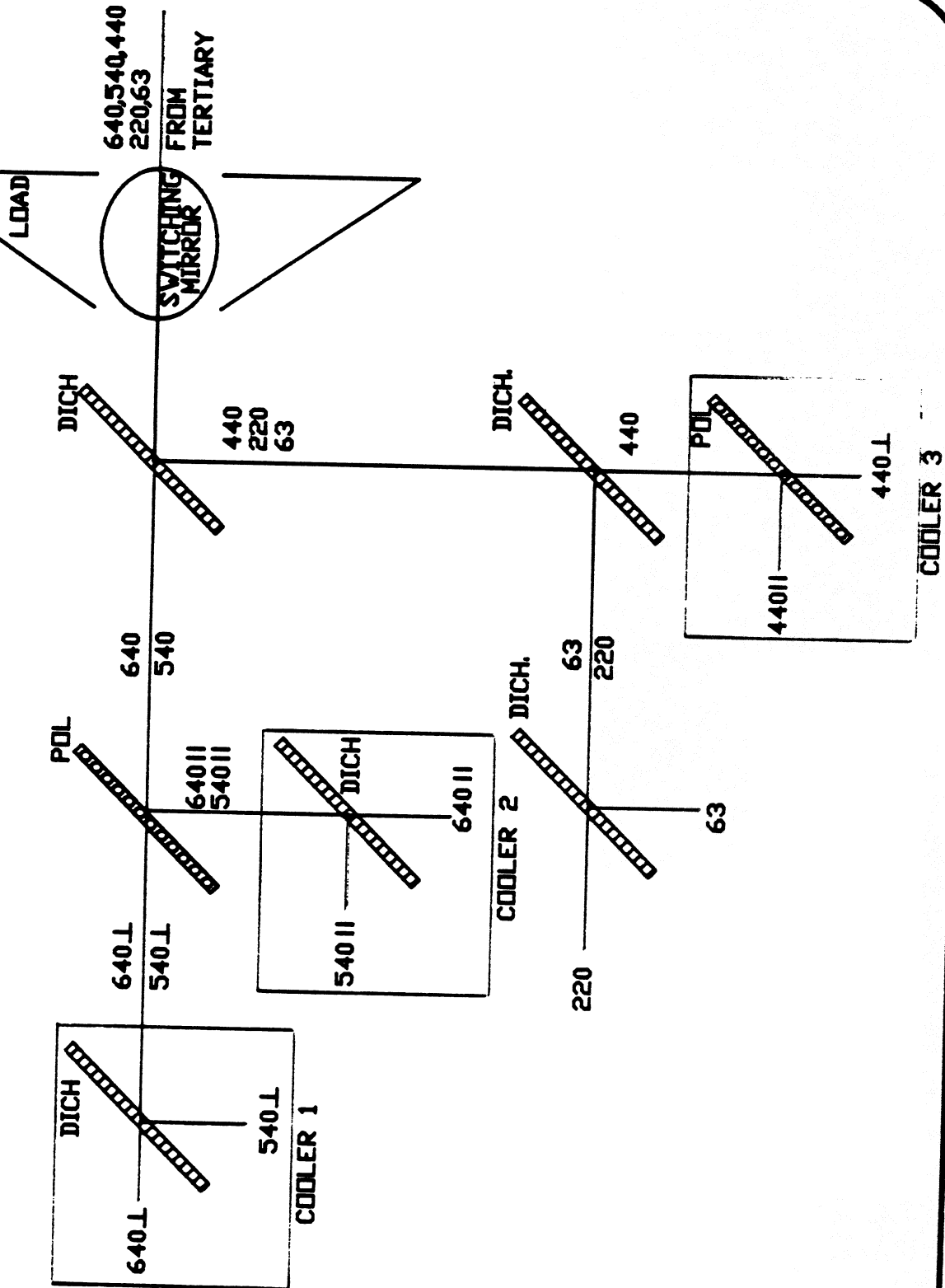
UMICH: J. EAST  
SOLID STATE DEVICES: MIXER/MULTIPLIER/OSCILLATOR DIODES

## EDS-MLS HETERODYNE INSTRUMENT DEPLOYMENT

RADIDMETER FREQUENCY PHYS. TEMP	MIXER TYPE NOISE(SSB) LOSS(SSB)	LOCAL OSC. FREQ(GHZ) MULTIPLE GUNN(GHZ)	IF AMP BAND(GHZ) TIF(K)	TRCVR (SSB)
640 GHZ 90K	SHP 5000K 11.5dB	642.85/2 4X 80.356	5.0-10.0 14.0-21.5 40 100	5600 6400
540 GHZ 90K	SHP 5000K 11.0dB	535.69/2 4X 66.96	2.0-4.5 6.0-12.0 15.0-22.0 30 50 100	5400 5700 6300
440 GHZ 90K	SHP 4500K 10.0dB	442.99/2 3X 73.83	3.0-5.5 7.5-12.0 15.0-21.5 35 50 100	4900 5000 5500
220 GHZ AMBIENT	SHP 2000K 8.0dB	216.29/2 1X 108.15	9.5-18.5 180	3100
63 GHZ AMBIENT	BAL.MXR 1000K	63.283	.09-.54 50	1200

BACKEND: 32 ACOUSTO-OPTIC SPECTROMETERS; BANDWIDTH=1 GHZ, RES.=1 MHZ  
 14 DIGITAL AUTOCORRELATORS BANDWIDTH=4 MHZ, RES.=100 KHZ

# EOS-MLS OPTICAL PATH SCHEMATIC



## Challenges for Eos-MLS Submillimeter-Wave Radiometry

1. Elimination of the whisker-contacted diode in both the mixer and LO source to improve reliability & ease fabrication
2. Design of a state-of-the-art coolable broadband fixed tuned subharmonically pumped mixer mount using planar diodes to simplify LO generation & injection
3. Design of a high power fix tuned waveguide multiplier using a series array of planar diodes to produce 5-10mW of power at 320 GHz
4. Design of multi-octave bandwidth low noise coolable HEMT amplifiers which can be matched to the SHP mixers over the full IF band

## EOS-MLS RADIOMETER PLANS & PROGRESS I.

### 1. MIXER DEVELOPMENT

- SHP MIXER MOUNT DESIGNED, MODELLED & CHARACTERIZED AT 8 GHZ
- 200 GHZ BLOCKS COMPLETED, MEASUREMENTS TO BEGIN 3/91
- 640 GHZ MOUNT IN CONSTRUCTION

### 2. MIXER ANALYSIS

- OBTAIN A BETTER UNDERSTANDING OF MIXER PERFORMANCE AT CRYOGENIC TEMPERATURES THROUGH IMPROVED DIODE EQUIV. CIRCUIT
- PERFORM TWO DIODE MIXER ANALYSIS USING MEASURED EMBEDDING IMPEDANCES AND IMPROVED DIODE EQUIV. CIRCUIT
- COMPARE SINGLE & TWO-DIODE SHP MIXER PERFORMANCE

### 3. PLANAR DIODE DEVELOPMENT

- EXPLORE PLANARIZATION & SUBSTRATE REMOVAL TECHNIQUES ON UVA AIR BRIDGE DIODES TO REDUCE PARASITICS
- DECREASE MICROSTRIP LOSS & INCREASE MICROSTRIP BANDWIDTH
- 'LIFT-OFF' & 'ETCH BACK' TECHNIQUES TO REPLACE GaAs SUBSTRATE WITH QUARTZ BOTH SUCCESSFUL WITH INDIVIDUAL DEVICES. INTEG. WITH REMAINING MIXER CIRCUITRY EXPECTED 6/91
- EFFECT OF COMPOSITE GaAs/QUARTZ SUBSTRATE ON MIXER FILTER STRUCTURES STUDIED & CHARACTERIZED
- NEW DIODE STRUCTURES & MATERIALS BEING STUDIED AT UMICH & UVA
- FULLY INTEGRATED MIXER BEING DEVELOPED AT MARTIN MARIETTA

## EOS-MLS RADIOMETER PLANS & PROGRESS II.

### 4. HIGH POWER PLANAR MULTIPLIER DEVELOPMENT

UVA PLANAR VARACTOR DIODE DEVELOPMENT UNDERWAY  
MULTI-DIODE MULTIPLIER BLOCK DESIGN TO BEGIN 6/91 AT UMASS

### 5. AMPLIFIER DEVELOPMENT

BROADBAND INTEGRATED AMP UNDER DEVELOPMENT AT MARTIN MARIETTA  
OCTAVE BAND HEMT AMPLIFIERS UNDER DEVELOPMENT AT JPL/NRAD  
UNDER SEPARATE IN HOUSE PROGRAMS

### 6. RADIATIONAL COOLER DEVELOPMENT

80K RADIATIONAL COOLERS BEING DEVELOPED AT SBRC  
JPL COOLER DEVELOPMENT EFFORT TO BEGIN IN 92

# MIXER PERFORMANCE VS. TYPE AND FREQUENCY

freq GHz	Whisker Contact						Planar				
	FM		HM		SHPM		FM		SHPM		
	T <sub>m</sub>	L <sub>db</sub>	T <sub>m</sub>	L <sub>db</sub>	T <sub>m</sub>	L <sub>db</sub>	P <sub>LD</sub>	T <sub>m</sub>	L <sub>db</sub>	P <sub>LD</sub>	
100	450 <sup>1</sup>	6.0			400 <sup>5</sup>	7.4	6	560 <sup>9</sup>	5.9	1750 <sup>10</sup>	9.5
200	800 <sup>2</sup>	6.6			1800 <sup>6</sup>	8	10	750 <sup>10</sup>	6.5	2750 <sup>11</sup>	Trec 10
650	5200 <sup>3</sup>	12.0	4300 <sup>4</sup>	13	3450 <sup>7</sup>	Trec 15				3000 <sup>12</sup>	

All results are for waveguide mounts at T=300K and f<sub>F</sub><2 GHz  
 T<sub>m</sub> and L<sub>db</sub> are SSB noise and loss, P<sub>LD</sub> is required LO in mW

References: (1) Cong,Kerr,Mattauach, MTT-27, Mar. 1979, pp.245-8  
 (2) Archer, MTT-30, Aug. 1982, pp.1247-52  
 (3) Erickson, private comm. April 1990  
 (4) Erickson, 1st Int. Conf. on Space THz Tech, U.Mich, Mar.5,1990  
 (5) Carlson,Schneider,McMaster, MTT-26, Oct. 1978, p.712  
 (6) Carlson,Schneider, Int.Conf. on IR&MM Waves, 1979, pp.82-3  
 (7) Galin, IR&MM Waves, v.8, 1987, p.123  
 (8) Mann,Matheson,Jones, IR&MM Waves, v.10, 1989, pp.1043-49  
 (9) Garfield, private comm. UVA, April 1990  
 (10) Archer, MTT-38, Jan 1990, pp.15-22  
 (11) Ostliek,Crowe,Galin, 15th Int.Conf.IR&MM Waves, Dec. 1990  
 (12) B. Maddison, B. Ellison, private comm, Jan 1991.



