Terahertz Superconducting Imaging Array (TeSIA)

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Dome A, the highest point of the cold and dry Antarctic ice sheet, is a unique site for groundbasedTHz/FIR observations. The astronomical facilities China is planning to build there include a 5-m THz telescope namedDATE5. An instrument proposed for the DATE5 telescope is the THz superconducting imaging array (TeSIA)operating at the 350- μ m window, with a pixel number of 32×32 and a background-limited sensitivity (NEP) of 10⁻¹⁶W/Hz^{0.5}. For the development of TeSIA, a small-scale (8×8) array at longer wavelength (850 μ m or 345GHz) is firstlydeveloped. Microwave kinetic inductance detectors (MKIDs) based on TiN superconducting films of a critical transitiontemperature of 4.5K are chosen as the detectors of the system operating at 0.3K. In this talk, we will firstly introduce the design and performance of the system, and then present some results of video-rate imaging and testingobservations on a submillimeter-wave telescope.