

# Mid-infrared multi-beam local oscillator source based on a fiber coupled quantum cascade laser

Yuan Ren<sup>1,2</sup>, DaiXi Zhang<sup>1,2,3</sup>, Zheng Wang<sup>1,2</sup>, KangMin Zhou<sup>1,2</sup>, JiaQiang Zhong<sup>1,2</sup>, Dong Liu<sup>1,2</sup>, Wei Miao<sup>1,2</sup>, Wen Zhang<sup>1,2</sup>, ShengCai Shi<sup>1,2</sup>

High resolution spectroscopy has been proven to be a powerful tool in atmospheric and astronomical research, ranging from millimeter wavelength to mid-infrared wavelength range. As demonstrated at millimeter/sub-millimeter wavelength region, multi-beam heterodyne array receivers play a vital role, not only due to its improved mapping speed but also with the enhanced sensitivity in the continuum observation mode. However, at mid-infrared wavelengths, multi-beam heterodyne array receiver has not been reported yet, which is largely due to the complexity of efficiently demultiplexing the local oscillator (LO) source.

We have developed a fiber coupled demultiplexed local oscillator source for cryogenic application based on a distributed feedback quantum cascade laser (QCL) at an operating wavelength of 10.6  $\mu\text{m}$ . Reflection phase grating generating  $2\times 2$  beams has been achieved with a total power efficiency of 64% based on gold covered etched silicon pattern. The diffraction beam has been readily coupled into a 2 meter long polycrystalline fiber with a core diameter of 240  $\mu\text{m}$ , with 49% coupling efficiency achieved using an aspheric lens. Despite the 48% transmission coefficient for the polycrystalline fiber, Gaussian-like beam with a FWHM of 200  $\mu\text{m}$  has been delivered at the fiber output. By aligning the fiber core position to the center of a superconducting hot electron bolometer mixer placed at 4 K in a closed-cycle cryostat, we demonstrate the application of fiber coupled demultiplexed QCL source for pumping the superconducting mixer with adequate LO power.

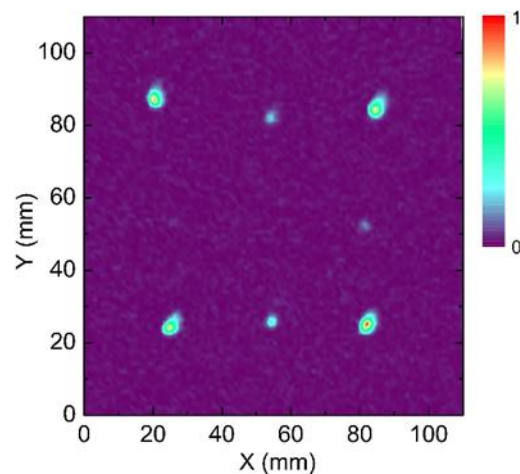


Fig. 1. Experimental result of diffraction pattern at 10.6  $\mu\text{m}$  for the step phase grating.

<sup>1</sup> Purple Mountain Observatory, Chinese Academy of Sciences, 10th YuanHua Road, Nanjing, 210033, China

<sup>2</sup> Key Lab of Radio Astronomy, Chinese Academy of Sciences, 10th YuanHua Road, Nanjing, 210033, China

<sup>3</sup> University of Science and Technology of China, 96th Jinzhai Road, Hefei, 230026, China